Colorado Hospital Industry Update



Q1 2025 Financial and Utilization Trends

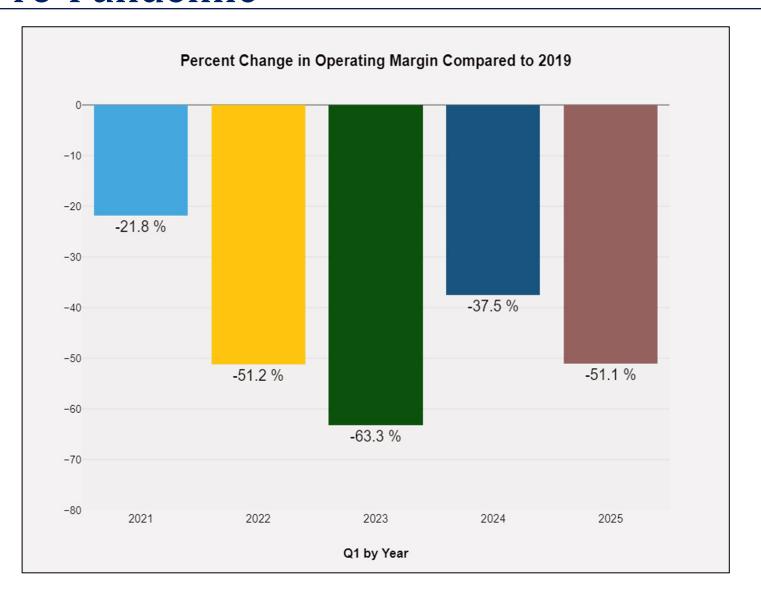


Summary



- Ongoing economic pressures and policy decisions are destabilizing Colorado's hospital system and threatening long-term viability.
- Hospitals are still grappling with persistently high labor and supply costs, alongside a surge in uncompensated and charity care.
- Most Colorado hospitals have negative or very low margins, jeopardizing their ability to invest in staff, services, and infrastructure.
- Charity care provided in Colorado hospitals has skyrocketed, while underpayments from Medicaid and Medicare continue to widen the financial gap.
- In this fragile environment, any further state or federal funding cuts pose a direct threat to patient care and the health care services that Coloradans rely on.

Operating Margins Significantly Below Pre-Pandemic

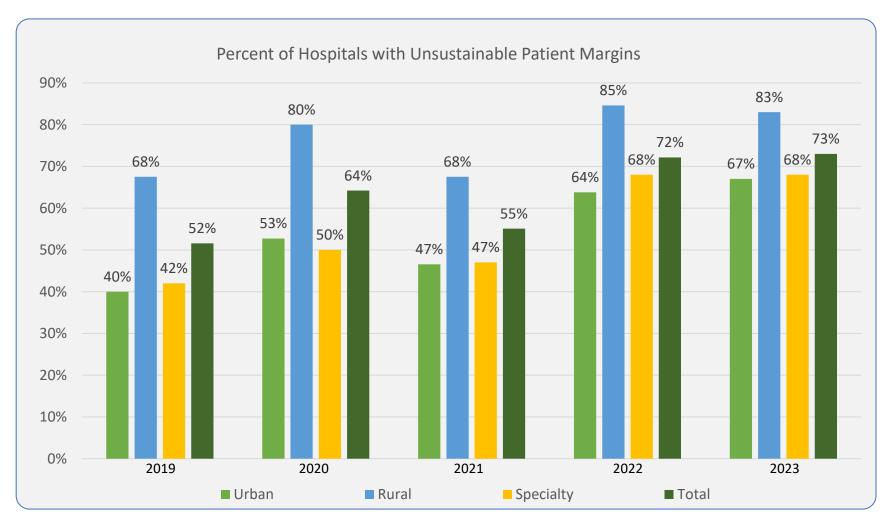




- Operating margins remain 51% lower for 2025 compared to 2019, a continuing trend each year since the start of the pandemic.
- The decline in operating margins constrains future investments; increases the need for alternative payment sources, such as local tax revenues; and creates more hospitals vulnerable for closure or reduction in services.

Nearly 75% of Colorado Hospitals Have Unsustainable Margins



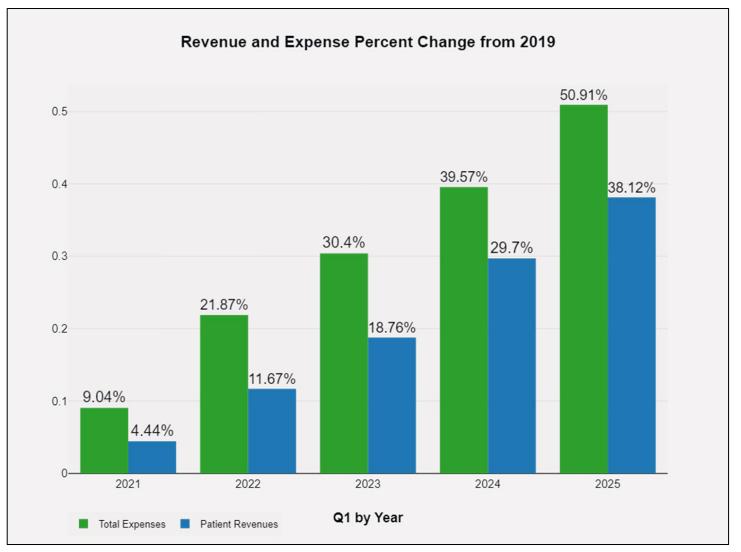


Key Takeaways

- Nearly 75% of Colorado hospitals finished 2023 with margins that do not provide for long term sustainability and investment in patient care.
- Since 2019, sustainable margins have significantly diminished for all types of hospitals including rural, urban, and specialty.

Note: 2019-23 data obtained from HCRIS database; full 2024 data not yet available

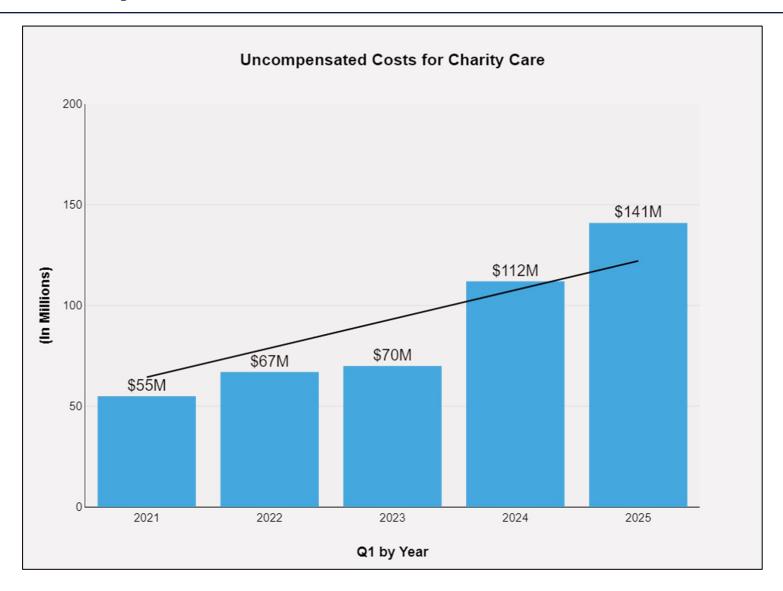
Expense Trends Remain Higher than Revenue Increases





- expenses in operating expenses have exceeded revenues since 2019 a cumulative 12.8% differential as of 2025.
- When expense trends
 continue to outpace
 revenue, it may force
 hospitals to be more
 conservative about current
 services/locations and future
 investments.

Charity Care Continues to Increase

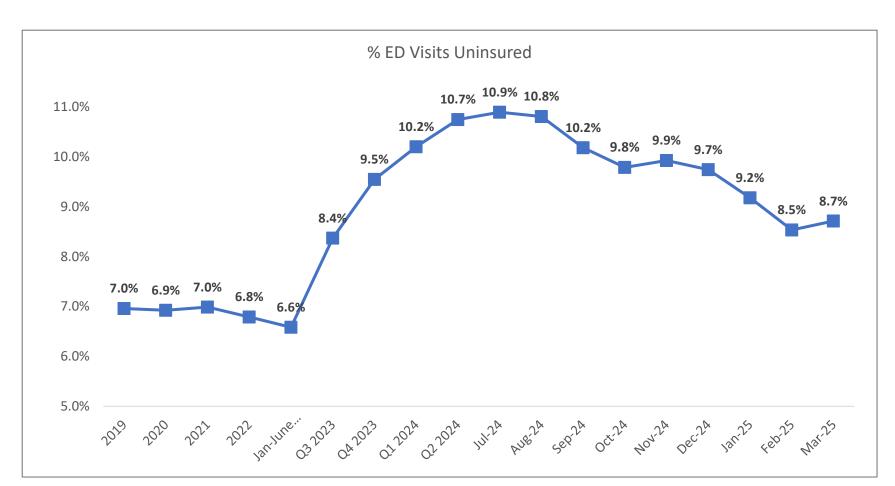




- Charity care costs are escalating rapidly, up an additional 26% in Q1 2025 after nearly 60% increase in 2024.
- The increase in uncompensated charity care costs are related to the rise in uninsured patients and continued growth of the Hospital Discounted Care program.

ED Utilization Trends for Uninsured Patients

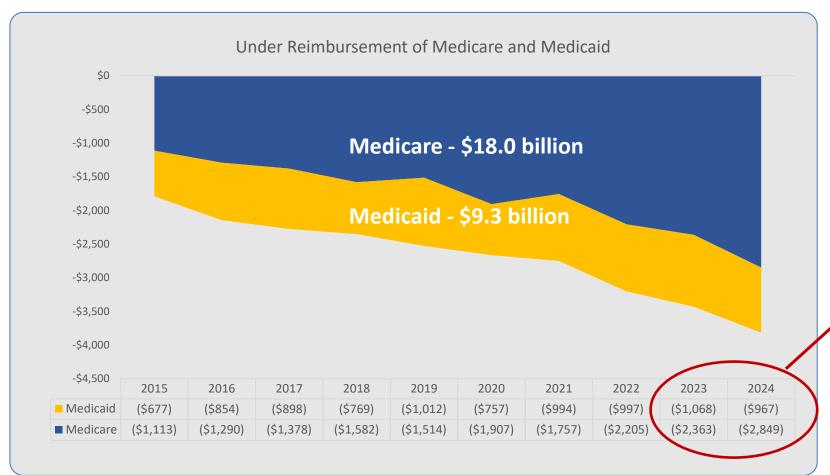




- The number of uninsured patients in hospital emergency departments increased significantly during Medicaid redetermination in 2023 and 2024.
- The uninsured rate has trended lower in recent months but still remains nearly 25% higher than recent years.

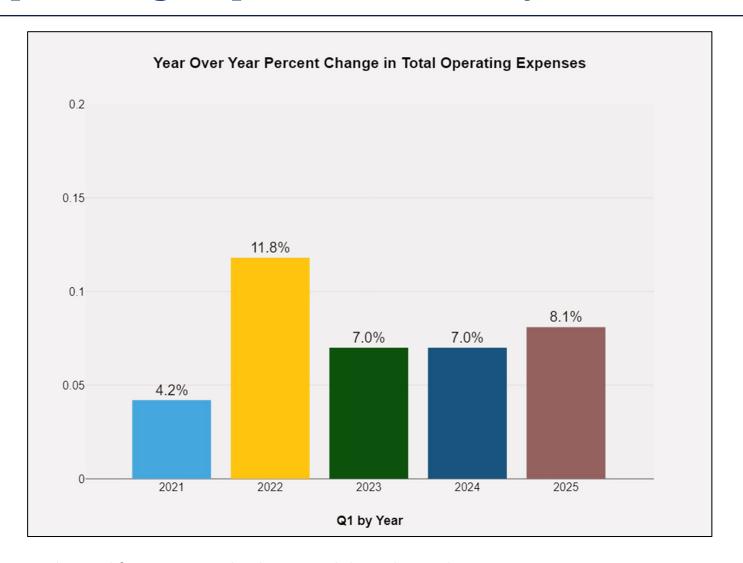
Growing Shortfall in Government Payer Reimbursement





- At an escalating rate,
 Medicare and Medicaid
 reimbursement falls short
 of the cost of caring for
 patients.
- In 2024, the amount totaled over \$4.1 billion, a \$385 million increase over the prior year.

Operating Expense Trends by Year



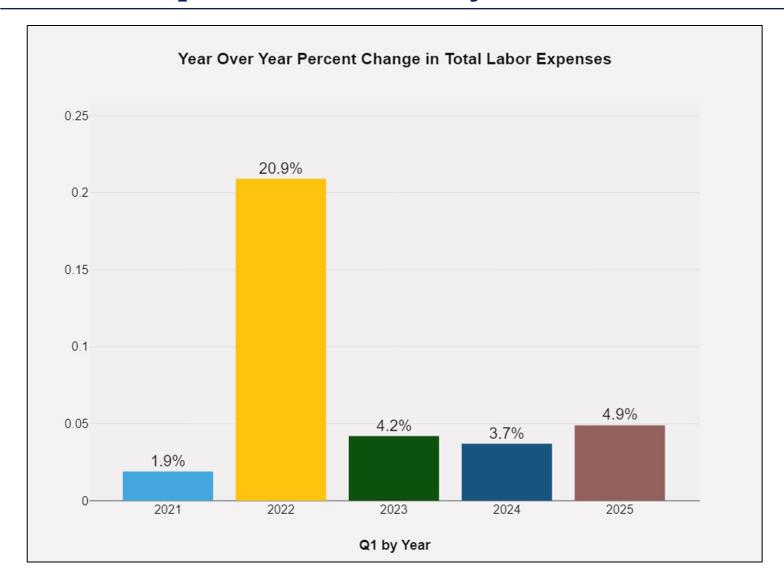


Key Takeaways

- Operating expense trends continue to remain higher than historical levels, over 8% in 2025, driven by increases in labor, supply, and high inflation pressures.
- High costs in Colorado continue to put pressure on operational expenses.

Data obtained from CHA Databank reported through March 2025

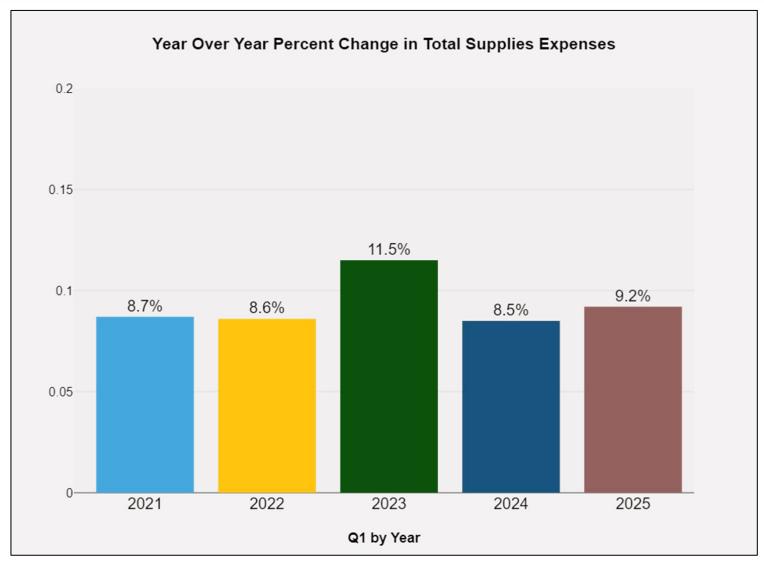
Labor Expense Trends by Year





- After significant increases in 2022 (driven by high cost of outside staffing), total labor costs have moderated but continue to run higher than historical levels.
- Investments in staffing retention and recruitment continue to be a top priority.

Supply Expense Trends by Year





- Supply expense trends continue to remain near double digits.
- Supply expenses are driven by the high cost of pharmaceuticals, high inflation in Colorado, and more acute care needed for patients, requiring longer lengths of stay.

Data obtained from CHA Databank reported through March 2025